Distributed by:

JAMECO® ELECTRONICS

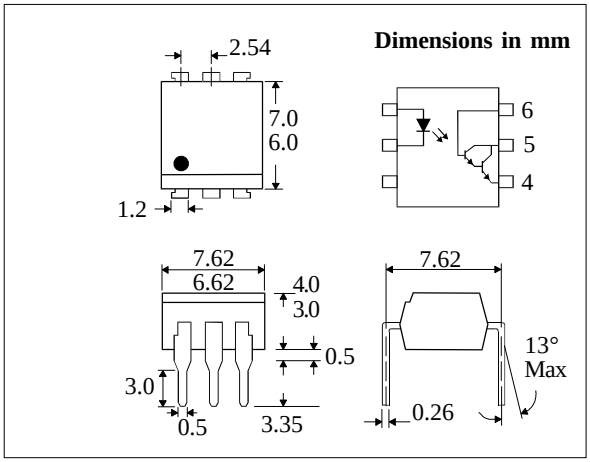
www.Jameco.com ✦ 1-800-831-4242

The content and copyrights of the attached material are the property of its owner.

4N29X, 4N30X, 4N31X, 4N32X, 4N33X
4N29, 4N30, 4N31, 4N32, 4N33

Jameco Part Number
41030

OPTICALLY COUPLED ISOLATOR PHOTODARLINGTON OUTPUT



'X' SPECIFICATION APPROVALS

- VDE 0884 in 3 available lead form : -
  - STD
  - G form
  - SMD approved to CECC 0080

DESCRIPTION

The 4N29, 4N30, 4N31, 4N32, 4N33 series of optically coupled isolators consist of an infrared light emitting diode and NPN silicon photodarlington in a space efficient dual in line plastic package.

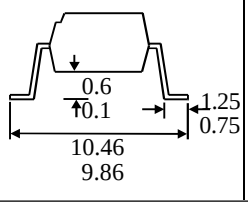
FEATURES

- Options :-
  10mm lead spread - add G after part no.
  Surface mount - add SM after part no.
  Tape&reel - add SMT&R after part no.
- High Current Transfer Ratio
- High Isolation Voltage ($5.3kV_{RMS}$, $7.5kV_{PK}$)
- All electrical parameters 100% tested
- Custom electrical selections available

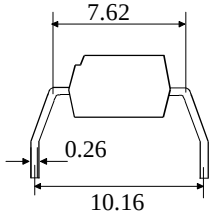
APPLICATIONS

- Computer terminals
- Industrial systems controllers
- Measuring instruments
- Signal transmission between systems of different potentials and impedances

OPTION SM
SURFACE MOUNT



OPTION G



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS
(25°C unless otherwise specified)

Storage Temperature	-55°C to + 150°C
Operating Temperature	-55°C to + 100°C
Lead Soldering Temperature (1/16 inch (1.6mm) from case for 10 secs)	260°C

INPUT DIODE

Forward Current	80mA
Reverse Voltage	5V
Power Dissipation	105mW

OUTPUT TRANSISTOR

Collector-emitter Voltage BV_{CEO}	30V
Collector-base Voltage BV_{CBO}	50V
Emitter-collector Voltage BV_{ECO}	5V
Power Dissipation	150mW

POWER DISSIPATION

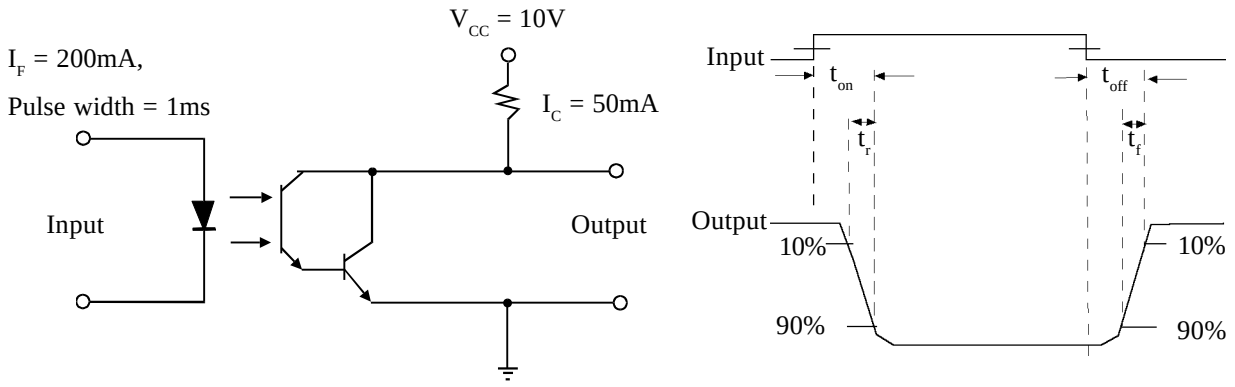
Total Power Dissipation	250mW
(derate linearly 3.3mW/°C above 25°C)	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C Unless otherwise noted)

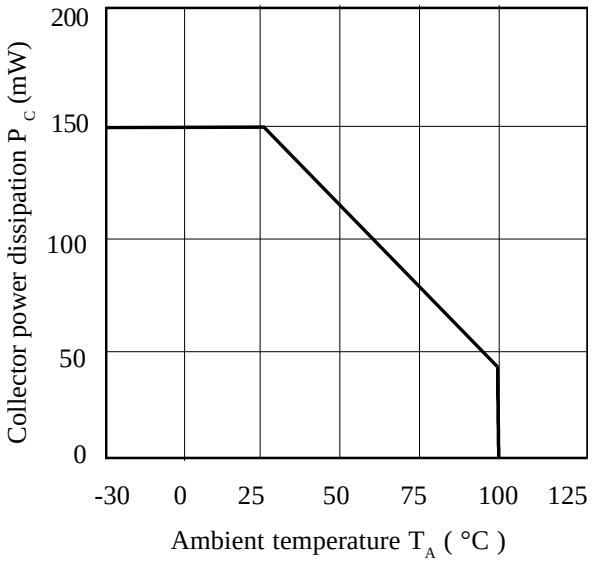
PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITION
Input	Forward Voltage (V_F)		1.2	1.5	V	I_F = 50mA
	Reverse Voltage (V_R)	3			V	I_R = 10µA
	Reverse Current (I_R)			10	µA	V_R = 3V
Output	Collector-emitter Breakdown (BV_{CEO})	30			V	I_C = 1mA (note 2)
	Collector-base Breakdown (BV_{CBO})	50			V	I_C = 100µA
	Emitter-collector Breakdown (BV_{ECO})	5			V	I_E = 100µA
	Collector-emitter Dark Current (I_{CEO})			100	nA	V_{CE} = 10V
Coupled	Collector Output Current (I_C) (Note 2)					
	4N32, 4N33	50			mA	10mA I_F, 10V V_{CE}
	4N29, 4N30	10			mA	10mA I_F, 10V V_{CE}
	4N31	5			mA	10mA I_F, 10V V_{CE}
	Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage $V_{CE(SAT)}$					
	4N29,4N30,4N32,4N33			1.0	V	8mA I_F, 2mA I_C
	4N31			1.2	V	8mA I_F, 2mA I_C
	Input to Output Isolation Voltage V_{ISO}	5300			V_{RMS}	(note 1)
		7500			V_{PK}	(note 1)
	Input-output Isolation Resistance R_{ISO}	$5x10^{10}$			Ω	V_{IO} = 500V (note 1)
	Output Turn on Time ton			5	µs	V_{CC} = 10V, I_C= 50mA, I_F = 200mA ,
	Output Turn off Time					
	4N32, 4N33 toff			100	µs	Pulse Width = 1ms
	4N29, 4N30, 4N31			40	µs	fig.1

Note 1 Measured with input leads shorted together and output leads shorted together.
Note 2 Special Selections are available on request. Please consult the factory.

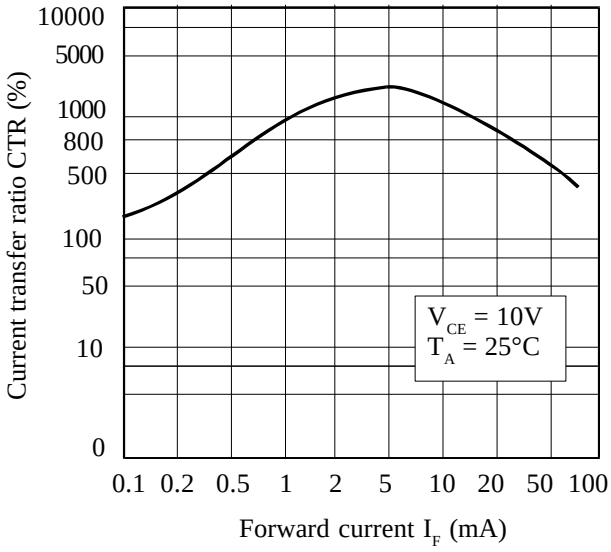
FIGURE 1



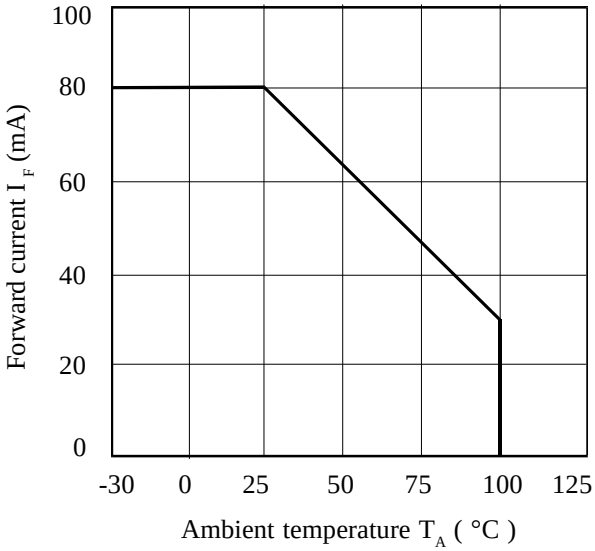
Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



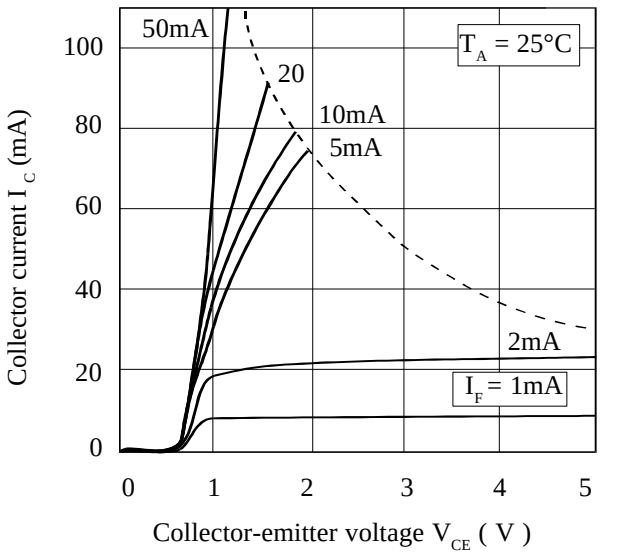
Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current



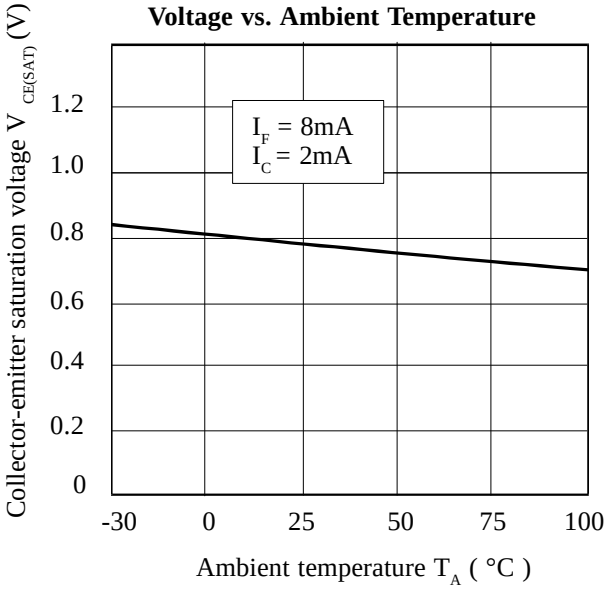
Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage



Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature